



COLUSA-GLENN FARM CREDIT

*First Quarter 2015
Report to Shareholders*

Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA

310 Sixth Street, P.O. Box 449
Colusa, California 95932
Phone: (530) 458-2163 Fax: (530) 458-2614

201-B North Tehama Street, P.O. Box 350
Willows, CA 95988
Phone: (530) 934-7086 Fax: (530) 934-2349

Website: <http://www.californiafarmcredit.com>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.....3

 GENERAL3

 LOAN PORTFOLIO.....3

 RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.....4

 CAPITAL RESOURCES.....4

 REGULATORY MATTERS4

 FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION5

 CERTIFICATION.....5

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CONDITION6

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME7

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY8

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS9

 NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES9

 NOTE 2 - LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES.....10

 NOTE 3 - CAPITAL.....15

 NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS15

 NOTE 5 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.....15

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

The following discussion summarizes the financial condition and results of operations of Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA and subsidiaries for the three months ended March 31, 2015, with comparisons to prior periods. You should read these comments along with the accompanying financial statements and footnotes and the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders. The accompanying financial statements were prepared under the oversight of our Audit Committee.

The shareholders' investment in Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA is materially affected by the financial condition and results of operations of CoBank, ACB, (CoBank). The 2014 CoBank Annual Report to Shareholders, and the CoBank quarterly shareholders' reports are available free of charge by accessing CoBank's website, www.cobank.com, or may be obtained at no charge by contacting us at Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA, 310 Sixth Street, P.O. Box 449, Colusa, California 95932, or calling (530) 458-2163.

GENERAL

We have maintained a strong portfolio through the three months ended March 31, 2015. Our outstanding credit quality is a direct result of the overall financial stability of our members and the health of our local, agricultural markets. Market prices remain strong for the majority of crops that we finance including, but not limited to, rice, almonds, and walnuts. Additionally, our lending approach ensures that we attract loan opportunities with high credit quality while operating in a safe and sound manner.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, we recorded increased net income from the three months ended March 31, 2014, resulting from increased loan volume. During 2014, we experienced a drop in commercial loan volume resulting, in part, from the drought and its impact on rice plantings. Commercial loan volume will continue to be a factor in our profitability through 2015 since drought concerns have not subsided. Unfortunately, the rainfall over the winter fell short of everyone's hopes. Though we cannot quantify the amount of acreage that rice growers will forego planting, we do know that growers have already begun selling water and that many growers will not be planting rice in 2015. Drought conditions within Colusa and Glenn Counties, as well as the majority of the State of California, are currently at extreme levels and there does not appear to be any relief on the horizon. The availability of inexpensive and dependable sources of water for irrigation has always been a significant factor affecting land values and crop production on nearly all irrigated cropland and permanent plantings in the Sacramento Valley. Over the past several years, the reductions in water deliveries from most Federal and State managed water districts did not appear to affect either crop production and land values. With the transition of substantial acreage being converted from irrigated cropland to permanent plantings, growers are relying more and more on pumped groundwater to supplement less reliable district water. Several areas that have seen significant development to permanent plantings have historically limited sources of available groundwater. These areas are now experiencing groundwater depletion leading to the failure of some wells. Another concern, with sustained drought conditions, is the potential damage already incurred or damage that will be incurred on permanent plantings. We have and will continue to monitor the drought and its impact on the health of our portfolio, taking actions when necessary to avoid losses.

Additionally, the financial stability of our member base and significant level of voluntary advanced conditional payments will continue to create less demand for financing as growers will utilize their own cash rather than borrowing from us. The overall financial stability of growers in our area is a positive sign for the health of the agriculture industry, and, despite the impact on our loan portfolio, we feel that a strengthening agricultural community benefits our members in the long run.

LOAN PORTFOLIO

Loans outstanding at March 31, 2015, totaled \$293.2 million, a decrease of \$36.2 million, or 11.0%, from loans of \$329.4 million at December 31, 2014. The decrease was primarily due to seasonal repayments on operating loans and the uncertainty of the water supply due to the ongoing drought.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$1.1 million, an increase of \$176 thousand, or 18.3%, from \$963 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2014. This increase is primarily attributable to increased interest income and decreases in interest expense, salaries and benefits expense and other noninterest expense offset by the provision for credit loss.

Net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$2.0 million, an increase of \$152 thousand, or 8.1%, from \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The slight increase is primarily attributable to increased loan volume at March 31, 2015, as compared to March 31, 2014.

The provision for credit loss for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$146 thousand, an increase of \$293 thousand, or 199.3%, from the reversal of credit loss of \$147 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The provision for credit loss increased due to the due to higher overall loan volume as compared to March 31, 2014.

Non-interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$222 thousand, an increase of \$19 thousand, or 9.4%, from \$203 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Non-interest income increased primarily due to an increase in patronage refunds from CoBank related to higher overall loan volume.

Non-interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2015, was \$890 thousand, a decrease of \$304 thousand, or 25.5%, from \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Non-interest expense decreased due to decreased salaries and benefits expense resulting from retirement packages provided in 2014 and a decrease in other noninterest expenses.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our shareholders' equity at March 31, 2015, was \$87.7 million, an increase of \$1.1 million, or 1.3%, from shareholders' equity of \$86.6 million at December 31, 2014. This increase is due to net income partially offset by stock retirements during 2015.

REGULATORY MATTERS

On May 8, 2014, the Farm Credit Administration approved a proposed rule to modify the regulatory capital requirements for System Banks and Associations. The stated objectives of the proposed rule are as follows:

- To modernize capital requirements while ensuring that institutions continue to hold sufficient regulatory capital to fulfill their mission as a government-sponsored enterprise,
- To ensure that the System's capital requirements are comparable to the Basel III framework and the standardized approach that the federal banking regulatory agencies have adopted, but also to ensure that the rules recognize the cooperative structure and the organization of the System,
- To make System regulatory capital requirements more transparent, and
- To meet the requirements of section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

As currently drafted, the proposed rule would, among other things, eliminate the core surplus and total surplus requirements and introduce common equity tier 1, tier 1 and total capital (tier 1 + tier 2) risk-based capital ratio requirements. The proposal would add a minimum tier 1 leverage ratio for all System institutions. In addition, the proposal would establish a capital conservation buffer, and modify and expand risk weightings. The revisions to the risk weightings of exposures would include alternatives to the use of credit ratings, as required by the Dodd-Frank Act. The proposed effective date is January 1, 2016.

The public comment period ended on February 16, 2015. While uncertainty exists as to the final form of the proposed rule, based on our preliminary assessment, we do not believe the new rule will impose any significant constraints on our business strategies or growth prospects.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

This discussion contains forward looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance; future operations involve certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “could,” “estimates,” “may,” “should,” or “will” are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management’s assumptions and analyses made in light of experience and other historical trends, current conditions, and expected future developments. However, actual results and developments may differ materially from our expectations and predictions due to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. We will not update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances arising after they are made.

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned certify they have reviewed this report, this report has been prepared in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements and the information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of his or her knowledge and belief.



Michael Doherty
Chairman of the Board
May 8, 2015



Robert Faris
President & Chief Executive Officer
May 8, 2015



Mark Heidrick
Chief Financial Officer
May 8, 2015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CONDITION

(In Thousands)

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	<i>Unaudited</i>	<i>Audited</i>
ASSETS		
Loans	\$ 293,214	\$ 329,446
Less allowance for loan losses	845	1,279
Net loans	292,369	328,167
Cash	827	7,484
Accrued interest receivable	2,950	2,942
Investment in CoBank	10,292	10,291
Premises and equipment, net	541	544
Other assets	709	1,365
Total assets	\$ 307,688	\$ 350,793
LIABILITIES		
Note payable to CoBank	\$ 165,467	\$ 230,678
Advance conditional payments	50,489	26,948
Accrued interest payable	302	741
Accrued benefits liability	86	133
Deferred tax liability	759	759
Unfunded disbursements	1,716	1,703
Reserve for unfunded commitments	591	-
Other liabilities	546	3,228
Total liabilities	219,956	264,190
Commitments and Contingencies		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Capital stock and participation certificates	597	607
Unallocated retained earnings	87,135	85,996
Total shareholders' equity	87,732	86,603
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 307,688	\$ 350,793

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited and In Thousands)

	<i>For the three months ended March 31,</i>	
	2015	2014
INTEREST INCOME		
Loans	\$ 2,799	\$ 2,668
Total interest income	2,799	2,668
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Note payable to CoBank	720	750
Other	61	52
Total interest expense	781	802
Net interest income	2,018	1,866
Provision for (Reversal of) credit loss	146	(147)
Net interest income after provision for loan loss	1,872	2,013
NONINTEREST INCOME		
Financially related services income	3	3
Patronage refund from Farm Credit Institutions	193	181
Mineral income	-	2
Other noninterest income	26	17
Total noninterest income	222	203
NONINTEREST EXPENSE		
Salaries and employee benefits	575	785
Occupancy and equipment	35	29
Purchased Services	68	66
Farm Credit Insurance Fund premium	50	49
Supervisory and examination costs	31	29
Other noninterest expense	131	236
Total noninterest expense	890	1,194
Income before income taxes	1,204	1,022
Provision for income taxes	65	59
Comprehensive income	\$ 1,139	\$ 963

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited and In Thousands)

	Capital Stock and Participation Certificates	Unallocated Retained Earnings	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 744	\$ 81,053	\$ 81,797
Comprehensive income	-	963	963
Capital stock and participation certificates issued	9	-	9
Capital stock and participation certificates retired	(123)	-	(123)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$ 630	\$ 82,016	\$ 82,646
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 607	\$ 85,996	\$ 86,603
Comprehensive income	-	1,139	1,139
Capital stock and participation certificates issued	26	-	26
Capital stock and participation certificates retired	(36)	-	(36)
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 597	\$ 87,135	\$ 87,732

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited and In Thousands, Except Where Noted)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A description of the organization and operations of Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA (the Association), the significant accounting policies followed, and the financial condition and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, are contained in the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders. These unaudited first quarter 2015 financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, as contained in the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial information is complete and reflects all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of results for the interim periods. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2015. Descriptions of the significant accounting policies are included in the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders. In the opinion of management, these policies and the presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations conform with GAAP and prevailing practices within the banking industry.

In August 2014, the FASB issued guidance entitled “Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern.” The guidance governs management’s responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. This guidance requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the financial statements are issued or within one year after the financial statements are available to be issued, when applicable. Substantial doubt exists if it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations for the assessed period. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and early application is permitted. Management will be required to make its initial assessment as of December 31, 2016.

In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance entitled, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers.” The guidance governs revenue recognition from contracts with customers and requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Financial instruments and other contractual rights within the scope of other guidance issued by the FASB are excluded from the scope of this new revenue recognition guidance. In this regard, a majority of the Association’s contracts would be excluded from the scope of this new guidance. The guidance becomes effective for the first interim reporting period within the annual reporting periods after December 15, 2016. The Association is in the process of reviewing contracts to determine the effect, if any, on the Association’s financial condition or its results of operations.

Certain amounts in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current financial statement presentation.

NOTE 2 - LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

Loan Portfolio

A summary of the Association's loan portfolio as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014, is as follows:

	March 31, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
Real estate mortgage	\$ 185,997	\$ 2,141	\$ 188,138	\$ 184,948	\$ 2,233	\$ 187,181
Production and intermediate-term	67,901	429	68,330	108,306	545	108,851
Agribusiness	39,316	380	39,696	36,192	164	36,356
Total loans	\$ 293,214	\$ 2,950	\$ 296,164	\$ 329,446	\$ 2,942	\$ 332,388

Participations Purchased and Sold

The Association purchases or sells participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with Farm Credit Administration regulations. The following tables present information regarding the principal balances of participations purchased and sold as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014:

	March 31, 2015	
	Purchased	Sold
Other Farm Credit Institutions:		
Real estate mortgage	\$ 8,551	\$ 13,595
Production and intermediate-term	5,188	460
Agribusiness	8,068	-
Subtotal	21,807	14,055
Non-Farm Credit Institutions:		
Real estate mortgage	-	135
Subtotal	-	135
All Institutions:		
Real estate mortgage	8,551	13,730
Production and intermediate-term	5,188	460
Agribusiness	8,068	-
Total	\$ 21,807	\$ 14,190

Notes to Financial Statements

	December 31, 2014	
	Purchased	Sold
Other Farm Credit Institutions:		
Real estate mortgage	\$ 8,678	\$ 13,698
Production and intermediate-term	6,078	491
Agribusiness	8,112	-
Subtotal	<u>22,868</u>	<u>14,189</u>
Non-Farm Credit Institutions:		
Real estate mortgage	-	202
Subtotal	-	<u>202</u>
All Institutions:		
Real estate mortgage	8,678	13,900
Production and intermediate-term	6,078	491
Agribusiness	8,112	-
Total	<u>\$ 22,868</u>	<u>\$ 14,391</u>

Loans by Credit Class

The following table shows loans and related accrued interest classified under the Farm Credit Administration Uniform Loan Classification System as a percentage of total loans and related accrued interest receivable by loan type as of as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Real estate mortgage:		
Acceptable	98.28%	98.00%
OAEM	0.57%	0.57%
Substandard	1.15%	1.43%
Subtotal	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Production and intermediate-term:		
Acceptable	99.76%	99.19%
OAEM	0.10%	0.53%
Substandard	0.14%	0.28%
Subtotal	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Agribusiness:		
Acceptable	96.36%	95.11%
OAEM	3.64%	4.89%
Subtotal	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Total Loans:		
Acceptable	98.36%	98.07%
OAEM	0.87%	1.03%
Substandard	0.76%	0.90%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

High Risk Assets

High risk assets consist of impaired loans and other property owned. The recorded investment in the receivable is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, or acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment.

Notes to Financial Statements

These nonperforming assets (including related accrued interest) and related credit quality as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014, are as follows:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Nonaccrual loans		
Real estate mortgage	\$ 22	\$ 24
Production and intermediate-term	98	123
Agribusiness	1	-
Total nonaccrual loans	121	147
Accruing loans 90 days past due		
Production and intermediate-term	-	486
Total high risk assets	\$ 121	\$ 633

The Association had no accruing restructured loans or other property owned for the periods presented.

Impaired Loan Information

Additional impaired loan information as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014, is as follows:

	Recorded Investment	March 31, 2015 Unpaid Principal Balance
Impaired loans with no related allowance for credit losses:		
Real estate mortgage	\$ 22	\$ 32
Production and intermediate-term	98	1,794
Agribusiness:		
Farm-related business	1	8
Total impaired loans	\$ 121	\$ 1,834

	Recorded Investment	December 31, 2014 Unpaid Principal Balance
Impaired loans with no related allowance for credit losses:		
Real estate mortgage	\$ 24	\$ 32
Production and intermediate-term	609	2,281
Agribusiness:		
Farm-related business	-	7
Total impaired loans	\$ 633	\$ 2,320

There were no impaired loans with a related allowance for credit losses at March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following table provides average impaired loans for the three months ended March 31, 2015:

	For the three months ended March 31, 2015
Impaired loans with no related allowance for credit losses:	
Real estate mortgage	\$ 23
Production and intermediate-term	389
Total impaired loans	\$ 412

There was no interest income on average impaired loans for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Past Due Loans

The following tables provide an age analysis of past due loans as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014 (including accrued interest):

As of March 31, 2015	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Recorded Investment Accruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due
Real estate mortgage	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 188,138	\$ 188,138	\$ -
Production and intermediate-term	414	-	414	67,916	68,330	-
Agribusiness	-	-	-	39,696	39,696	-
Total	\$ 414	\$ -	\$ 414	\$ 295,750	\$ 296,164	\$ -

As of December 31, 2014	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Recorded Investment Accruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due
Real estate mortgage	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 187,181	\$ 187,181	\$ -
Production and intermediate-term	405	486	891	107,960	108,851	486
Agribusiness	524	-	524	35,832	36,356	-
Total	\$ 929	\$ 486	\$ 1,415	\$ 330,973	\$ 332,388	\$ 486

Allowance for Loan Losses

A summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses and period-end recorded investment in loans is as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2014	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for Loan Losses/ (Loan Loss Reversals)	Balance at March 31, 2015
Real estate mortgage	\$ 416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63	\$ 479
Production and intermediate-term	764	-	11	(527)	248
Agribusiness	99	-	-	19	118
Total	\$ 1,279	\$ -	\$ 11	\$ (445)	\$ 845

	Balance at December 31, 2013	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for Loan Losses/ (Loan Loss Reversals)	Balance at March 31, 2014
Real estate mortgage	\$ 355	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (15)	\$ 340
Production and intermediate-term	1,041	-	1	(129)	913
Agribusiness	50	-	-	(4)	46
Total	\$ 1,446	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ (148)	\$ 1,299

In 2015, the Association revised its' process for determining the allowance for credit losses. The new process takes into consideration potential losses related to unfunded commitments, and as a result, we have established a separate reserve for unfunded commitments, which is included in Liabilities on the Association's balance sheet. The related provision for the reserve for unfunded commitments is included as part of the provision for credit losses on the income statement, along with the provision for loan losses.

A summary of changes in the reserve for unfunded commitments follows:

	Reserve for Unfunded Commitments
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ -
Provision of unfunded commitments	591
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 591

Individual and Collective Impairment Evaluation

A summary of the Association's individual and collective impairment evaluation as of March 31, 2015, and December 31, 2014, is as follows (including accrued interest):

As of March 31, 2015	Allowance for Loan Losses		Recorded Investments in Loans Outstanding		
	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Total
Real estate mortgage	\$ -	\$ 479	\$ 22	\$ 188,116	\$ 188,138
Production and intermediate-term	-	248	98	68,232	68,330
Agribusiness	-	118	1	39,695	39,696
Total	\$ -	\$ 845	\$ 121	\$ 296,043	\$ 296,164

Notes to Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2014	Allowance for Loan Losses		Recorded Investments in Loans Outstanding		
	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Total
Real estate mortgage	\$ -	\$ 416	\$ 24	\$ 187,157	\$ 187,181
Production and intermediate-term	-	764	609	108,242	108,851
Agribusiness	-	99	-	36,356	36,356
Total	\$ -	\$ 1,279	\$ 633	\$ 331,755	\$ 332,388

Troubled Debt Restructuring

A restructuring of a debt constitutes a troubled debt restructuring (“TDR”) if the creditor, for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor’s financial difficulties, grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. The Association recorded no TDRs during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The Association had no TDRs within the previous 12 months for which there were subsequent payment defaults during the period.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL

The Association issues the following classes of common stock: class C common stock and class F non-voting stock. At March 31, 2015, the required common investment was the lesser of \$1,000.00 or 2% of loan volume per voting stockholder.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Accounting guidance defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. See Note 2 to the 2014 Annual Report to Shareholders for a more complete description. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Association recorded a gain of \$11,000 resulting from a recovery on a loan with no fair market value, measured on a non-recurring basis.

NOTE 5 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Association has evaluated subsequent events through May 8, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were issued, and no material subsequent events were identified.



COLUSA-GLENN
FARM CREDIT